

Revision date: 13.01.2022

## Safety Data Sheet

according to UK REACH Regulation

Hobart® Hygiene Tabs intensiv	
Product code:	

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Hobart® Hygiene Tabs intensiv

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## Use of the substance/mixture

Cleaning agent, acidic.

## Uses advised against

Not known

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:	HOBART GmbH	
Street:	Robert-Bosch-Strasse 17	
Place:	D-77656 Offenburg	
Telephone: e-mail:	+49 (0) 781.600-0 info@hobart.de	Telefax: +49 (0) 781.600-23 19
Internet:	www.hobart.de	
Responsible Department:	Dr. Gans-Eichler Chemieberatung GmbH Otto-Hahn-Str. 36 D-48161 Muenster	e-mail: info@tge-consult.de Tel.: +49(0)2534 6441185 www.tge-consult.de
<u>1.4. Emergency telephone</u>	Giftnotruf (Poison Center) Be	erlin: +49 (0) 30 30686700

#### number:

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GB CLP Regulation**

Hazard categories: Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Irrit. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Dam. 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment: Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazard Statements: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 2.2. Label elements

#### **GB CLP Regulation**

#### Hazard components for labelling

sodium silicate Fatty alcohol alkoxylate 2 Danger

Signal word:

Pictograms:



## Hazard statements

H315	Cause
H318	Cause
H412	Harmfu

s skin irritation. s serious eye damage. ul to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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Precautionary statemer	nts	
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.	

# 2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture (>0,1%) do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Hazardous components

CAS No	Chemical name					
	EC No	Index No	REACH No			
	GHS Classification	•				
5329-14-6	sulfamic acid, sulphamic acid, sul	phamidic acid		>=25 %		
	226-218-8	01-2119488633-28				
	Skin Irrit. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, Aquatic C					
13870-28-5	sodium silicate					
	237-623-4	01-2119485031-47				
	Eye Dam. 1; H318					
	Fatty alcohol alkoxylate 2	1 - < 5 %				
			02-2119548485-30			
	Eye Dam. 1, Aquatic Chronic 3; H318 H412					

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

#### Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE CAS No EC No Chemical name Quantity Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATE 5329-14-6 226-218-8 sulfamic acid, sulphamic acid, sulphamidic acid >=25 % dermal: LD50 = >2000 mg/kg 13870-28-5 237-623-4 sodium silicate 20 - < 25 % inhalation: LC50 = >3,51 mg/l (dusts or mists); oral: LD50 = 2507 mg/kg Fatty alcohol alkoxylate 2 1 - < 5 % oral: LD50 = >2000-5000 mg/kg

#### Labelling for contents according to Regulation (EC) No 648/2004

< 5 % non-ionic surfactants.

#### **Further Information**

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

### After inhalation

In case of accident by inhalation: remove casualty to fresh air and keep at rest. In case of respiratory tract



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irritation, consult a physician.

#### After contact with skin

Gently wash with plenty of soap and water. In case of skin irritation, seek medical treatment.

#### After contact with eyes

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. In case of troubles or persistent symptoms, consult an ophthalmologist.

#### After ingestion

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Let water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect). Do NOT induce vomiting. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to skin. Causes serious eye damage.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry extinguishing powder. alcohol resistant foam. Atomized water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High power water jet.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Silicon dioxide.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### Additional information

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water. Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### **General advice**

Safe handling: see section 7 Avoid the formation of dust.

#### For non-emergency personnel

Wear personal protection equipment (refer to section 8).

#### For emergency responders

No special measures are necessary.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Eliminate leaks immediately.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.

#### For cleaning up

Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7



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Disposal: see section 13

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Wear suitable protective clothing. See section 8. Avoid the formation and deposition of dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Usual measures for fire prevention. Dust clouds may present an explosion hazard.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Always close containers tightly after the removal of product. Do not eat, drink, smoke or sneeze at the workplace. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not breathe dust.

#### Further information on handling

Avoid generation of dust. General protection and hygiene measures: See section 8.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

#### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Explosives. Oxidizing solids. Oxidizing liquids. Radioactive substances. Infectious substances. Food and animal feedingstuff.

#### Further information on storage conditions

Keep the packing dry and well sealed to prevent contamination and absorbtion of humidity. Recommended storage temperature: 20°C Protect against: frost. UV-radiation/sunlight. heat. Humidity

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 1.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **DNEL/DMEL** values

CAS No	Substance		-			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value		
5329-14-6	sulfamic acid, sulphamic acid, sulphamidic acid					
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	7,5 mg/m³		
13870-28-5	sodium silicate					
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	11,21 mg/m³		
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	159 mg/kg bw/day		
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	2,39 mg/m³		
Consumer DNEL, long-term		oral	systemic	1,59 mg/kg bw/day		
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	318 mg/kg bw/day		
PNEC values						

CAS No Substance



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Environmenta	Environmental compartment Value				
13870-28-5	sodium silicate				
Freshwater		7,5 mg/l			
Marine water	Marine water				
Freshwater s	29,4 mg/kg				
Marine sedim	nent	29,4 mg/kg			
Secondary po	pisoning	106 mg/kg			
Micro-organis	28 mg/l				
Soil	1,47 mg/kg				

## Additional advice on limit values

To date, no national critical limit values exist.

## 8.2. Exposure controls





### Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment.

Provide adequate ventilation.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses; chemical goggles (if splashing is possible). BS/EN 166

#### Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Suitable material: FKM (fluororubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,4 mm Breakthrough time >= 8 h Butyl rubber. - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm Breakthrough time >= 8 h CR (polychloroprenes, Chloroprene rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm Breakthrough time >= 8 h NBR (Nitrile rubber). - Thickness of glove material: 0,35 mm Breakthrough time >= 8 h PVC (Polyvinyl chloride). - Thickness of glove material: 0,5 mm Breakthrough time  $\geq 8$  h The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive EC/2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

## Skin protection

Suitable protective clothing: Lab apron.

Minimum standard for preventive measures while handling with working materials are specified in the TRGS 500 (D).

## **Respiratory protection**

With correct and proper use, and under normal conditions, breathing protection is not required. Respiratory protection necessary at: -Exceeding exposure limit values



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-Generation/formation of dust

Suitable respiratory protective equipment: particulates filter device (DIN EN 143). Type: P1-3 The filter class must be suitable for the maximum contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If the concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

## Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and che Physical state:	solid
Colour:	white
Odour:	odourless
Changes in the physical state	
Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	not determined
Sublimation point:	not determined
Softening point:	not determined
Pour point:	not determined
Flash point:	not determined
Explosive properties Dust clouds may present an explosic	on hazard.
Lower explosion limits:	not determined
Upper explosion limits:	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	not determined
Self-ignition temperature	
Solid: Gas:	not determined not determined
Decomposition temperature:	not determined
pH-Value:	2 (2g/l)
Viscosity / dynamic:	not determined
Viscosity / kinematic:	not determined
Flow time:	not determined
Water solubility: (at 20 °C)	miscible.
Solubility in other solvents not determined	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:	SECTION 12: Ecological information
Vapour pressure:	not determined
Density (at 20 °C):	1,7 g/cm³
Relative vapour density:	not determined
9.2. Other information	
Information with regard to physical has Sustaining combustion:	zard classes Not sustaining combustion



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Oxidizing properties none							
Other safety characteristics							
Solvent separation test:	not determined						
Solvent content:	not determined						
Solid content:	not determined						
Evaporation rate:	not determined						
Further Information							
No information available							

No information available.

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

No information available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Refer to chapter 10.5.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect against: UV-radiation/sunlight. heat.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents, strong. Reducing agents, strong.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Can be released in case of fire: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Silicon dioxide.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in GB CLP Regulation

Toxicocinetics, metabolism and distribution

No data available.

## Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

CAS No	Chemical name								
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method			
5329-14-6	sulfamic acid, sulphamic acid, sulphamidic acid								
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	>2000	Rat	ECHA Dossier				
13870-28-5	sodium silicate								
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2507	Rat	ECHA-Dossier	OECD 401			
	inhalation (4 h) aerosol	LC50 mg/l	>3,51	Rat	ECHA-Dossier	OECD 403			
	Fatty alcohol alkoxylate 2	2							
	oral	LD50 5000 mg/kg	>2000-	Rat.	MSDS extern				

## Irritation and corrosivity



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Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. sodium silicate: Eye Dam. 1 - Specific concentration limit (SCL): >= 10 %

Skin corrosion/irritation (OECD 404) Species: Rabbit, Results: Does not irritate the skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation (OECD 405) Species: Rabbit, Results: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Skin sensitisation: in vivo (LLNA) (OECD 429 ) Species: Mouse., Results: negative.

## Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. sulphamidic acid; sulphamic acid; sulfamic acid: In-vitro mutagenicity:

Method:

-OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) = negative. Literature information: ECHA Dossier -OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) = negative. Literature information: ECHA Dossier

-OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) = negative. Literature information: ECHA Dossier

#### sodium silicate:

No experimental indications of mutagenicity in-vitro exist. Literature information: ECHA-Dossier. No experimental indications of mutagenicity in-vivo exist. Literature information: ECHA-Dossier. Longterm experiments do not indicate carcinogenic effects. Literature information: ECHA-Dossier. Evidence for reproductive toxicity in experimental animals. Literature information: ECHA-Dossier.

#### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### sodium silicate:

Subchronic oral toxicity (180d, Rat.) NOAEL = >159 mg/kg; Literature information: MSDS extern.

#### Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Specific effects in experiment on an animal

No data available.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

## Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name									
	Aquatic toxicity Dose [h]   [d] Species Source Method									
5329-14-6	sulfamic acid, sulphamic a	sulfamic acid, sulphamic acid, sulphamidic acid								
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	70,3	96 h	Pimephales promelas	ECHA Dossier				



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	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	48 mg/l	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	71,6	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	19 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	ECHA Dossier	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(>200 m	ıg/l)	3 h	Activated sludge	ECHA Dossier	
13870-28-5	sodium silicate						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	>500	96 h	Danio rerio (zebra-fish)	ECHA-Dossier	OECD 203
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	491 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	ECHA-Dossier	OECD 202
	Algae toxicity	NOEC	18 mg/l	3 d	Desmodesmus subspicatus	ECHA-Dossier	OECD 201
	Acute bacteria toxicity	(720 mg	ı/l)		activated sludge	ECHA-Dossier	OECD 209
	Fatty alcohol alkoxylate 2						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	>1-10	96 h	Leuciscus idus (golden orfe)	MSDS extern.	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	>1-10	96 h		MSDS extern.	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	>1-10	48 h		MSDS extern.	
	Algae toxicity	NOEC mg/l	>0,1-1	3 d	Selenastrum capricornutum	MSDS extern.	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## The product has not been tested.

CAS No	Chemical name			
	Method	Value	d	Source
	Evaluation			
	Fatty alcohol alkoxylate 2			
	OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EWG, C.4-C	>60%	28	MSDS extern.
	Product is biodegradable.			

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No indication of bioaccumulation potential.

### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
5329-14-6	sulfamic acid, sulphamic acid, sulphamidic acid	0
13870-28-5	sodium silicate	< 3

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture (>0,1%) do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

### **Further information**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**



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## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

## **Disposal recommendations**

Observe in addition any national regulations! Consult the local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Non-contaminated packages may be recycled.

According to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process.

Control report for waste code/ waste marking according to (EWC) European Waste Catalogue:

#### List of Wastes Code - residues/unused products

MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND 200129 INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS: separately collected fractions (except 15 01); detergents containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

## List of Wastes Code - used product

MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND 200129 INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS; separately collected fractions (except 15 01); detergents containing hazardous substances; hazardous waste

#### List of Wastes Code - contaminated packaging

WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND 150110 PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste); packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances: hazardous waste

#### Contaminated packaging

. .

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information** . . . . . . . . . . . . .

Land transport (ADR/RID)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2967
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	SULPHAMIC ACID
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	8
Classification code:	C2
Limited quantity:	5 kg
Excepted quantity:	E1
Transport category:	3
Hazard No:	80
Tunnel restriction code:	E
Inland waterways transport (ADN)	
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2967
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	SULPHAMIC ACID
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8
14.4. Packing group:	III
Hazard label:	8
	8



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Classification code:	C2		
Limited quantity:	5 kg		
Excepted quantity:	E1		
Marine transport (IMDG)			
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2967		
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	SULPHAMIC ACID		
<u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es):</u>	8		
14.4. Packing group:	III		
Hazard label:	8		
Special Provisions:	-		
Limited quantity:	5 kg		
Excepted quantity: EmS:	E1 F-A, S-B		
Segregation group:	1 - acids		
Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)			
14.1. UN number or ID number:	UN 2967		
14.2. UN proper shipping name:	SULPHAMIC ACID		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es):	8		
14.4. Packing group:	III		
Hazard label:	8		
Special Provisions:	A803		
Limited quantity Passenger:	5 kg		
Passenger LQ:	Y845		
Excepted quantity:	E1	900	
IATA-packing instructions - Passenger: IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:		860 25 kg	
IATA-packing instructions - Cargo:		864	
IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:		100 kg	
14.5. Environmental hazards			
ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS:	No		
14.6. Special precautions for user			
Refer to section 6-8			
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according not relevant	to IMO instruments		
SECTION 15: Regulatory information			
15.1. Safety, health and environmental reg	ulations/legislation sp	ecific for the substance or mixture	
EU regulatory information			
2010/75/EU (VOC):	No information ava	ilable.	
2004/42/EC (VOC):	No information ava	ilable.	



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evision date: 13.01.2022 Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): Additional information Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REA The mixture is classified as hazardous a UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture National regulatory information Employment restrictions:	according to regulation (I	ode:	Page 12 of 13
Information according to 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): Additional information Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REA The mixture is classified as hazardous a UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture National regulatory information Employment restrictions:	Not subject to 2012/18/ ACH Regulation according to regulation (f		Page 12 of 13
(SEVESO III): Additional information Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REA The mixture is classified as hazardous a UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture National regulatory information Employment restrictions:	ACH Regulation according to regulation (I	/EU (SEVESO III)	
Safety Data Sheet according to UK-REA The mixture is classified as hazardous a UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture <b>National regulatory information</b> Employment restrictions:	according to regulation (I		
The mixture is classified as hazardous a UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture <b>National regulatory information</b> Employment restrictions:	according to regulation (I		
UK REACH Appendix XVII, No (mixture <b>National regulatory information</b> Employment restrictions:			
National regulatory information Employment restrictions:	)· _	EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP].	
Employment restrictions:	)		
	Observe restrictions to	employment for juveniles accord	ding to the 'iuvenile
	work protection guidelin		
Water hazard class (D):	1 - slightly hazardous to	o water	
5.2. Chemical safety assessment			
For the following substances of this mix sodium silicate	ture a chemical safety as	ssessment has been carried out:	:
ECTION 16: Other information			
Changes			
Rev. 1.00; 29.01.2015 Initial release			
Rev. 2.00; Revision: 08.11.2019 (Chang	ges in chapter: 2-8, 10-1	6)	
Rev. 3.00; Revision: 13.01.2022 (Chang	ges in chapter: 6, 8, 9, 10	0, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16)	
Abbreviations and acronyms			
ADR: Accord européen sur le transport	des marchandises dang	ereuses par Route (European A	greement
concerning the International Carriage of	Dangerous Goods by R	Road)	
AGW: Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert			
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service			
CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packa	aging of substances and	l mixtures	
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level			
d: day(s)	o · · · · ·		
EINECS: European INventory of Existin	•	Substances	
ELINCS: European LIst of Notified Cher ECHA: European Chemicals Agency	nical Substances		
EWC: European Waste Catalogue			
IARC: INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR	RESEARCH ON CANO	CER	
IMDG: International Maritime Code for E			
IATA: International Air Transport Associ	0		
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation	ons by the "International	Air Transport Association" (IAT	A)
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organ			
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "			
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of C			
GefStoffV: Gefahrstoffverordnung (Ordin	nance on Hazardous Su	bstances, Germany)	
h: hour			
LOAEL: Lowest observed adverse effect			
LOAEC: Lowest observed adverse effect	ct concentration		
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent			
NOAEL: No observed adverse effect lev	/el		
NOAEC: No observed adverse effect co			
NLP: No-Longer Polymers			
N/A: not applicable			
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-c		ent	
PNEC: predicted no effect concentration			
PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative toxic			
RID: Regulation Concerning the Interna REACH: Registration Evaluation Auth		erous Goods by Rail	

REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation of Chemicals



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SVHC: substance of very high concern TRGS: Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe UN: United Nations VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds

## Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to GB CLP Regulation

Classification	Classification procedure
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation method

#### Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## **Further Information**

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP] - Classification procedure: Health hazards: Calculation method.

Environmental hazards: Calculation method.

Physical hazards: On basis of test data and / or calculated and / or estimated.

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)